US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

		Shaughnessy No.: 122 1 01	
		Date out EAB:	2 2 JUN 1984
To:	Don Stubbs Product Manager #41 Registration Division (TS-767)		32385
From:	Samuel M. Creeger, Chief Environmental Chemistry Review So Exposure Assessment Branch Hazard Evaluation Division (TS-	ection 1) "
Attach	ned, please find the EAB review of	•	
Reg./F	File No.: 84-MN-06		
Chemic	cal: CGA-64250		
Type I	Product: F		· agains, má se altamatailpea
Produc	ct Name: TILT		
Compar	ny Name:		
	ssion Purpose: Section 18 Reques	t by State of Minne	esota
for	use of TILT on wild rice		
ZBB C	ode: 3(c)(5)	Action Code: 51	10
Date In: 6/13/84		EAB No.: 4402	and the second s
	Completed: 2 0 JUN 1984	TAIS (Level II)	Days
	rals To:	51	1
	Ecological Effects Branch		
Processing to the later of the	Residue Chemistry Branch		
·	Toxicology Branch		

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The state of Minnesota has requested an emergency exemption for use of CGA-64250 on wild rice.

2.0 Tilt: Banner: CGA-64250

3.0 DISCUSSION

According to the Section 18 request, 22,000 acres of wild rice have been affected by fungal brown spot. Tilt would be applied by air at boot, late boot, and flowering periods in the plants'development. It will be applied at a rate of 100 g ai/acre if one application is made (late boot) or 75 g ai/acre if 2 applications are made (early boot and flowering).

According to EAB files, CGA-64250 appears to be stable to hydrolysis, soil photolysis, metabolizes slowly aerobically, becomes tightly bound to soil and is relatively persistent near the soil surface. It accumulates in fish to a moderate extent but the rate of depuration is rapid.

The main metabolite is 1,2,4-H-triazole. Its environmental fate (not thoroughly reviewed) indicates that it does not hydrolyze or photolyze in water, but can leach and will remain persistent in soil.

The environmental fate, therefore, of CGA-64250 is known with the exception of rotational crop and field dissipation data. If wild rice is grown under paddy conditions, then water from from the treated fields should not be used to irrigate other crops.

4.0 RECOMMENDATION

EAB concurs with the Section 18 request by the state of Minnesota for use of Tilt on wild rice provided that treated fields will not be rotated to crops other than wild rice and that water from treated fields is not used to irrigate other crops.

Richard V. Moraski

Chemist

Environmental Chemistry Review Section No. 1